

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 12, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

TROOPS!

Seem to Influence the

Strikers.

Who Maintain Absolute Quiet Since
the Bloody Affair of Fri-
day Last.

The Situation in Brief To-day and all
the Features of the Great
Labor Struggle.

ALL IS WELL

With But Little Change in the
Great Strike.

By Telegraph to the SENTINEL.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 12.—No disturbance or unlawful acts have been repeated since the incendiary fires last Friday night. It is now believed that no encounter between the militia and strikers will occur. Guard, however, over railroad property is observed this morning. Promised military protection to those who might desire to go to work to-day has resulted in the employment of a large number of applicants, most of whom are not Knights of Labor. Platform men of the freight depots are busy loading and unloading cars, and no interference by the strikers has occurred.

THE INQUISTION.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—There were no new facts developed at the inquest in East St. Louis to-day. The witnesses were chiefly railroad men and all agreed that the deputy sheriffs fired the first shot and that no stones were thrown at them and that the crowd gave the deputies no other provocation for firing than hooting and jeering.

THE FIREMEN HAVE GRIEVANCES.

E. P. Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, issued a call this morning for meetings of all the grievance committees of all local lodges in the Gould system to investigate the discharge of firemen and all other grievances which may be presented to them and report to the meeting of the general grievance committee at Parsons, Kas., in the 20th, inst.

THE MINERS STRIKE.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—The miners of the St. Louis district held a meeting yesterday and resolved not to resume work until after the strike shall have been ended. Four hundred and fifty miners on the Illinois and St. Louis railroad have struck, and it is expected more will strike about Belleville to-day.

THE SHOOTING DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—In the criminal court to-day the deputy sheriffs who did the shooting at East St. Louis Friday, were released on a habeas corpus, but were immediately re-arrested as fugitives from justice and placed in jail, where they will be kept until a requisition is received from the governor of Illinois.

RETURNED TO WORK.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—Word has just been telephoned from East St. Louis that yard and switchmen of the Ohio and Mississippi and that Chicago, Burlington and Quincy yard and switchmen have returned to work.

GOULD DENIES.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Jay Gould denies that negotiations were pending between himself, Mr. Hoxie and Mr. W. O. McDowell.

NOTES.

The freight brakemen on the Mobile and Ohio road struck yesterday for \$55 for twenty-six trips of one hundred miles each.

The members of the paid fire department of Philadelphia have decided to join the Knights of Labor, in the hope of securing an increase of compensation.

T. V. Powderly has written to Congressman O'Neill that the labor arbitration bill is the best that could have been passed, although it will not be the means of settling all disputes between capital and labor.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, Chief Engineer Arthur has not been in St. Louis since Tuesday. He said: "No pressure has been brought to bear upon me to order a strike in support of the Knights of Labor on the Missouri Pacific, and if such a strike shall take place it will be without my sanction. I believe no such action will be taken, for men have no grievance."

Martin Irons has gone to Parsons, Kansas, to encourage the railway strikers in holding out. Five of the persons killed at East St. Louis were buried yesterday, their corpes being followed to the cemetery by twelve hundred Knights of Labor and nearly all the city officials. Seven more companies of Illinois militia arrived yesterday, and General Reece has assumed command.

Jay Gould owns all the coal mines on the Wabash road and consequently all the avenues that can supply St. Louis. While the strikers have been stopping the Missouri Pacific he put up the price of coal to thirty cents a bushel. He is,

therefore, making them pay for their fun as he goes along. It is money in his pocket that makes him view the strike with such an air of philosophic indifference.

As to the present situation of affairs, Mr. Powderly said: "I have no news about the future of the Knights of Labor. We have seen the last strike we will have in this country by that time. I do not mean by that that we will refuse to fight in an extremity, but I do not think it will again be necessary to go to that extreme. Contractors can make contracts ahead without fear. There is no danger of a labor revolution or an epidemic of strikes. Differences can be settled more peacefully and will be."

BOYS MARRYING OLD WOMEN.

(Special Correspondence.)

NEW YORK, April 5.—It is getting to be the fashion for extremely young men to become enamored of extremely mature women. This peculiar phase of Cupid's work is not confined to New York. According to the newspapers it is almost epidemic all over the country, and Europe has furnished some illustrous examples during the last few years. Just the other day I had a letter from an old friend, who told me of a widow of 57, with three grown sons, the oldest 28, who, as my friend expressed it, had "up and married a boy of 19" to the great scandal of society in general and the mortification of her children in particular.

In former times, before society was tamed down to accepting the doings of people who do in it, such a match would have been considered nothing but of criminal. The bride would have found herself by her neighbors and persecuted by the combined indignation of the town. The lot of the bridegroom, too, outside of his home would not have been a happy one. But now, although society still arches its back when two persons marry without asking its permission and getting its blessing, it lets them off without any stale-egg experience, because it doesn't quite dare to go that far; but, though it accepts the situation, it makes some wry faces over it.

The spectacle of rosy-cheeked boys hanging around women verging on 50 is not at all uncommon here. I can pick out seven or eight cases in a minute. The youths are infatuated and so are the mature beauties. They are steeped in sentimental folly, and pay no attention to the half-concealed sneers of others whose cardiac experience has been many more after the regulation pattern.

Well, why shouldn't all this go on and no remarks be made? Since the beginning old men have made fools of themselves over very young women, and society saw but little in it to condemn. Why shouldn't the same generation be extended to the interested parties when that order is reversed and it is the bride who is older and the bridegroom young? Whose business is it who marries who, anyway?

In the cases I know the secret of the attraction of the youth's part is that the mature women are always their superiors. Their minds are attractive. Then in a kindly way, they take an interest in the neglected youths, praise what is good in them, set about cultivating their minds, and stimulate their self-respect.

All of which is very grateful to the recipient, who doubtless has never had any one take an interest in his life before. He begins to turn his attention to learning something.

Young people, I suppose, "show," and studies Shakespeare, takes up a bit of some other language and buys a fresh dress suit. His manners improve. He goes out as escort with his elderly sweetheart, who, being superior, mixes with superior people and it's all a new and beneficial experience to him. He soon begins to turn up his nose at any talk about "pretty girls," makes remarks about "simpering dolls," and gives his thumbs to understand that a woman without brains is not to his taste. When he meets his antagonist completely, and allows nothing to stand in his preference.

The experience refines him. He becomes in every way a more interesting and useful person. His character improves and his mind expands. As for the mature woman, she is from fifteen to thirty-five years older than he, and it's a good thing she doesn't hear the mean remarks that are made about her in the young man—an interest which vulgar minds misapprehend entirely.

EBRON OLIVER.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

In the M. E. conference at Warsaw, C. W. Lyman reported the Fort Wayne district. The report shows that this district was a year of unusual prosperity.

There have been received on probation over 1,200. There are over 5,100 members in the district, on average of more than 700. There has been an increase of more than \$400 for missions, and a corresponding increase in all the benevolent collections. There have been 7,000 pastoral visits made to 1,970 families in the district. The following brothers were passed: M. S. Metts, C. W. Church, H. J. Lacy, J. Greer, J. K. Walts, A. W. Lamport, A. H. Currie, C. King, P. S. Cook, W. E. McCarthy, M. A. Teague, J. H. Slack, I. J. Bicknell, E. P. Church, J. B. Cook, J. A. Lewellyn, W. F. Yocom and G. W. Lincoln.

Mrs. Margaret Manier, well known as Mother Pollette, died this afternoon at half-past 2 o'clock, at the residence of Joseph Parry, aged 70 years. Mrs. Manier was universally loved and was one of the pioneer residents of the county. Notice of her funeral will be given to the police. Her loss will foot up \$25.

H. W. Matson, the architect, was at Muncie to-day.

John D. Rockafellar, of the Standard Oil company, two weeks ago gave \$20,000 to the Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky., and last week gave \$30,000 to the American Baptist Home Mission society. Charles H. Pratt, of Brooklyn, N. Y., recently gave \$100,000 to found a public library in his city, and a like amount to build an Emmanuel Baptist church. Mr. Pratt is also an oil man.

GREAT WEALTH.

E. B. Shirk, the Richest Man in Northern Indiana.

The Peru Evening Journal, in a biographical sketch of E. B. Shirk, in which it makes the claim that he is the largest landholder in the state and the richest man in northern Indiana, says: "He has lived in Peru nearly forty years, and something of his activity may be inferred from the fact that, in 1881, he paid taxes to the amount of \$16,000. He was not readily communicative about his fortune, but answered direct questions, and seemed totally unconscious of the fact that his achievements had been at all extraordinary. At the time of his death he owned seventy-three large farms in Indiana, all in a high state of cultivation, besides city property, prairie and timber lands in various parts of the union. His fifteen farms in Tipton county range in value from \$2,000 to \$12,000 each, his fourteen farms in Marshall county range in value from \$2,500 to \$20,000 each; in Pulaski, ten farms; all large and valuable. In all the following named counties he had either a farm or farms: Wabash, Huntington, Warrick, Gibson, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Adams, Jefferson, and Allen. In the state of Michigan he had twenty-four farms and two thousand acres of timber land, largely pine. In Arkansas he held 6,000 and in Texas 9,000 acres of land. One of his first operations was getting possession of a large tract of Iowa land when emigration was turned in that direction. The Indiana farmer desiring to move to that state he would buy out, paying so much money and trade in the wild lands. That was repeated in Kansas with uncommon success. In every instance the farmer felt himself benefited, and his condition improved. With a little money Kansas was a glorious state to which to move. It was also repeated in Arkansas, but not with such marked success, for the reason that many of the emigrants sickened and died; the lands, however, appreciated in value. The rental of one of his buildings in Chicago amounted to \$75,000 annually. He also owned nine residences that rented for \$1,000 and eight more at \$200 each. In Kokomo he owned two hotels, three business houses and two residences; an establishment in Tipton, one in Monticello and one at Peru comprised his banking interests. Of the First National in Peru he owned \$89,000 of the stock, and the stock would sell at \$500 a share."

OUR SOCIETY ABROAD.

The Cincinnati Enquirer yesterday had these items:

Miss Laura d'Isay gave a progressive wreath party Monday evening. Among the guests were Misses Kate Chapin, Laura Smith, Flora Fowler, Etta Falls, Ada Heller, and Messrs. J. H. Young, Harry Gilford, George Taylor, C. K. Reiman and Bert Olds. Bishop Knickerbacher, of the Episcopal church, was in the city during the week, the guest of B. D. Angell. Miss Katie MacDougal has returned from an extended visit with friends in Ottawa, Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Dick Edgerton have returned to the city to make it their future home. Mrs. Judge Brackenridge has returned to the Sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich. J. B. Carey, S. C. Lombard and H. G. Olds spent the past week in Ohio fishing. Mrs. C. M. Jones and daughter are visiting friends in Canton. R. Learmonth, Jr., is visiting his parents in Alliance. Supt. C. D. Law, who is now in New York, is expected home next Monday. Mayor Mulder and wife are visiting friends in Chicago.

Mrs. W. D. Page and daughters, Fannie and Josie, have returned from a visit to Adrian, Mich.

TWO ROBBERIES.

W. W. FOX & SON AND CHRIST KRAH TOUCHED BY HOUSE BREAKERS.

Last night the general store of W. W. Fox & Son, in Nebraska, was entered by thieves, who raised a window and found access easy. They appropriated shirtings, fancy articles and trinkets, valued at \$50 or \$75. Henry Fox is sick in his house, near the store, but singular enough no one was noticed about the premises by his nurse. The officers are working on the case and Sheriff Nelson sent out cards describing the stolen goods.

The book store of Christ Krah, on South Calhoun street, was also stealthily visited last night and a banjo and various other articles are missing. Mr. Krah is quiet about his loss and did not notify the police. His loss will foot up \$25.

J. W. Bower, Toledo, M. H. Conaway, Chicago; B. Goodman, Philadelphia; M. B. Loeffler, Elkhart; J. Manley and wife are guests at the Robinson house.

It is said Clarence Cook will sell the World.

Supt. C. C. Law is in the city.

The day Sir Isaac Newton discovered the attraction of gravitation he sat under a tree and caught a severe cold. Alas! in those unenlightened days there was no Dr. Bull and no Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup either.

A DAISY!

SAD FATE OF A BURGLAR
AT WABASH.

AN EVANGELICAL MINISTER FLIES TO CANADA TO ESCAPE HIS NUMEROUS CREDITORS.

GLADSTONE'S BILL WILL PASS ANOTHER READING—A BAD WRECK ON BALTIMORE AND OHIO.

BURGLAR BAFFLED.

A WABASH POSTAL CLERK CAPTURES A HOUSE BREAKER.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

WABASH, Ind., April 12.—At a late hour last night Owen Sullivan, a postal clerk on the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific railway, who resides on East Hill street, was awakened by a burglar attempting to open one of the windows of the house. Sullivan rushed out clad in neither garments and gave chase to the thief, catching up with him on the cattle guard on the Wabash railway crossing. Sullivan administered two or three terrible blows which brought the burglar to his knees. The latter was carried to the jail insensible. He is a varnish pedler called Redney.

GONE TO CANADA TO EVADE HIS CREDITORS.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

WILWAUKEE, Wis., April 12.—A special from Watertown says that Rev. J. T. Koehler, who came from Manistee, Mich., some six months ago to take charge of the German Evangelical church, has been mysteriously absent for several days. A letter written from Detroit has been received tendering his resignation, and saying he would soon be safe in Canada. He had borrowed considerable money in Watertown, and obtained on credit clothing and jewelry.

DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 12.—John Miller, who lay two hours in the ruins of Pemberton mill before being rescued, died yesterday from the effects of his injuries. Florence McCarthy, a Boston and Lowell freight brakeman, who lost both his legs by being run over, is also dead. He fell under the train in a faint on hearing that his brother-in-law had been killed at the fire.

THREE MEN DROWNED.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

RICHMOND, Va., April 12.—Information has been received here of the drowning of three men while crossing the New river, at Sunnyside, W. Va. The party consisted of C. J. and Wm. Hood, P. H. and Sam Quimby, W. A. Haynes and a negro ferryman, C. J. Hood and the Quimby brothers were drowned by the upsetting of the boat. They were in the employ of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

MR. GLADSTONE'S BILL.

By Cable to THE SENTINEL.

LONDON, April 12.—The opponents of Mr. Gladstone's Irish bill are beginning to admit that it will probably pass its second reading by a small majority. The press regard the abolition of Irish representation in the imperial parliament as the cardinal defect in the premier's bill.

A BAD WRECK.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 12.—A freight train coming west on the Baltimore and Ohio road last night, ran into a landslide, thirty miles east of Connellsville. The engine and seven cars were thrown from the track. John Coffman, engineer, was killed and the fireman seriously injured.

POSTOFFICE BURNING.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 12.—This afternoon a fire broke out in the third story of the Boston block, in which the postoffice is located. The building will be a total loss. The mails have all been saved.

THE RIVER FAILING.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—The Ohio river is steadily failing an inch an hour. The trains have resumed occupancy of the central passenger depot.

THE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Wheat opened 1@ higher, moderately active. No. 2 red, May, 91@92. Corn, firm, without decided change, 42@47. Oats, 1@ higher at 37@45.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Wheat, steady, at 74. Corn, steady, 34. Oats, steady, 48@51.

PERSONAL CHAT

About Men and Events of Interest in Fort Wayne.

James Brady, hailing

COMMON SENSE IN LAFAYETTE.

Lafayette, Ind., shares with twenty-three other cities and towns in the United States, the distinction of being named after the great French patriot who did so much for this country and his own, but it is alone in the honor of being mentioned in the Encyclopedie Britannica. Life in the lively pushing city on the Wabash, with its many cosy homes, fine public buildings and general air of prosperity and enterprise, is very pleasant, and recently many of its citizens feel that it has assumed new charms since rheumatism has been robbed of its terrors.

This great benefaction, however, is not one which rejoices this particular Lafayette alone, but it has been given to other Lafayette as well, and to the world. Athlaphoros is the magic remedy which drives away rheumatism and neuralgia, and Lafayette has only shown its characteristic enterprise in recognizing the new cure's many virtues. Among those whom it has benefited is Mrs. Francis Heath, of No. 79 Ferry street, an old resident and the mother of banker Heath. In answer to one who recently called on her to learn the facts in the case she gave this account:

"I have had rheumatic pains in my feet for a number of years. They affected me at times so that it was with much difficulty that I could walk, especially in going down stairs. Athlaphoros was first recommended to me by Bishop Bowman. I did not get it at that time, but kept trying other medicines. It was again recommended to me by a lady. I then sent for and bought a bottle. I took a dose, and it seemed to me as if I could feel it go through my system until it came directly to the sore spot. It felt just as a little stream of water looks when during its course it comes in contact with a pebble. One or the other must give way. The water may run around the stone, but that was not the way Athlaphoros did. It did not go around the pain, but drove it away. The relief was almost instantaneous. While I am getting along in years and cannot expect to get rid entirely of these pains at once, yet a small dose of Athlaphoros in a little cream—the way in which I find most pleasant to take it—relieves the pain immediately."

Mr. Baldwin, who is in the real estate and insurance business at No. 93 South Third street, and who lives at No. 17 North Sixth street, happening to be passing while Mrs. Heath was speaking, she called him in and he gladly told how he had been cured of rheumatism by Athlaphoros.

"I was just about to start down to my office one morning last winter," he said, "when a terrible pain took me right in the hip and then ran down the sciatic nerve as quick as lightning. It was with much pain and distress that I managed to get down to my office at all. My business being such that it was necessary for me to be at the office every day, I was obliged to hobble along and get there the best I could. I suffered for some time in this way, trying all kinds of remedies, but nothing seemed to check the disease until I commenced using Athlaphoros. The first four doses gave me relief. I only used one bottle, and it worked perfectly well, as you see me now. I have never had any return of the pain since I took the Athlaphoros."

If you cannot get ATHLAPHOROS of your druggist, will you not express paid, on receipt of regular price, one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed on the back of the bottle.

**NEVER SAY DIE
THOUGH YOU COUGH
TILL YOUR HEART ACHES**

When the "Life Restoring" East India Remedy is at hand. One bottle will satisfy the most skeptical that DR. H. JAMES' preparation of Indian Hemp will positively cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Neuralgia, and Nasal Catarrh. It is an important remedy. Try it—prove it for yourself.

Here are a few extracts from letters of persons who were cured, and now order for their friends:

"I fear cousin is in a decline, and as the medicines cured my only brother of a Hemorrhage of the Lungs about a year ago, I wish you to take this to my true friend, HANNAH MICKLE, near Woodbury, N. J.

"As your medicine cured me of Consumption some time ago, I will send you some of it. I gained fifteen pounds while taking the first three bottles." J. V. HULL, Lawrenceberg, Anderson Co., Ky.

"Mother has been suffering with Bronchitis nearly twenty years, and tried most all kinds of medicine, and says the Cannabis Indica is the only thing that gives her relief. JANE A. ASHBROOK, Lovejoyville, Ballard Co., Ky.

"I know all about the Cannabis Indica. First of all, it is my favorite. You were right, my trouble was not Consumption, but Catarrh. JAMES A. CALDWELL, Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"It has cured Mrs. Beabout of General Debility of the whole system, of two or three years' standing and others trying it with success." Simpson's Store, Washington county, Pa.

"Ask your druggist for Dr. H. JAMES' Cannabis Indica, and if they fall you, send to us direct \$2.50 per bottle, postage paid, for \$6.50. Pills and Ointment, \$1.25 each. CHADDOCK & CO., proprietors, 1032 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa. 294-w

**NERVOUS
DEBILITATED MEN.**

You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Bye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the cure of all Diseases of the Nerves, Debility, Loss of Vitality and Manhood, and all kindred Troubles. Also for many other diseases, especially those of the Nerves, and Neshus. Guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet in sealed envelope mailed free, by addressing

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

Jan. 26—dawm

ALL THAT SCIENCE AND SKILL
could do to make Benson's Capelin Plasters the best porous plasters, and also the best general plasters, and the best plasters ever done. Whenever it is possible to improve them it is done. Benson's plasters are not made to supply the wants of the public, but to cure disease. Their eminent success has procured for them the voluntary endorsement of 500 physicians, pharmacists and druggists throughout our country, and the general preference of the intelligent public. They are prompt, powerful, cleanly and certain. They cure where no others will even touch. "Capelin" or "Capelin" plasters. Reputable druggists only. The "Three Seas" trademark on the genuine and the word "Capelin" cut in the centre of the plaster.

The Sentinel.
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING

THE SENTINEL BUILDING,
NO. 107 CALHOUN ST.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

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MAIL SUBSCRIPTION FOUR DOLLARS & EIGHT CENTS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
THE SENTINEL IS THE ONLY EVENING PAPER IN FORT WAYNE THAT GIVES THE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

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PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS SOLICITED.
ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND ORDERS TO
E. A. K. HACKETT,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

The Daily Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER COUNTY AND CITY.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1886.

JOSEPH PULITZER has resigned his seat in congress from New York, preferring to give his whole attention to the *World*.

Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN, who is managing a ball in Washington, in the quarters of the Chinese legation, for the benefit of the Garfield hospital fund, has received an anonymous warning of a political boycott.

JOHN SLATER is to serve as Wayne township assessor by proxy. What a farce and wrong on the people who voted for him. Besides, his proxy, Mr. Bryant, is prone to excessive valuation and even republicans fear his judgment on city property that now is doubly taxed and too highly valued.

Mrs. MACKAY, the wife of the "silver king" of California, has rented No. 7 Buckingham, London, from Lord Sudley, for the season. This, says a London paper, will be joyful news for the Lady Outatowns and the Lady Nothing. Nowhere class of aristocrats, who sponge so assiduously upon wealthy Americans.

The extent of the Nova Scotia coal-fields in Cape Breton County is 200 square miles and over 100 square miles of adjoining sub-marine coal. The quantity of available coal is 1,886,000,000 tons (nearly two billions). The output last year was 467,577 tons. The area in Pictou County is about thirty-five square miles and the output of 1885 was 363,236 tons. In Cumberland County the area is 300 square miles, and one mine alone put out 345,000 tons last year. The most of these mines are at tidewater, and therefore in direct water communication with New England ports and supply that section in part. For steam, domestic, and gas use the Cape Breton coal is said to compare favorably with the Pittsburgh, possessing the same character of low ash and adaptability for coke-making which distinguish the latter.

EX-SENATOR JAMES W. BRADBURY, who is only four years younger than the present century, is still living at Augusta, Maine, able to read without spectacles, and with hand and foot strong as in his younger days. He is fond of talking of the Senate of 1848, in which he and Hannibal Hamlin sat, with Simon Cameron and Jefferson Davis. "The latter's seat," he says, "was next to mine. Mr. Davis was personally one of the most agreeable men in the Senate. He had the faculty of making more friends in a given time than any one else I ever knew. He was peculiarly and intensely sensitive to public opinion." Mr. Bradbury's favorite friend in the Senate was Stephen A. Douglas, but he thinks that Webster and Calhoun were by far the greatest statesmen of their time. Mr. Bradbury is one of only seven surviving members of Bowdoin's famous class of 1825, in which he and Henry W. Longfellow had equal rank.

HON. PATRICK SHANNON was buried at Terre Haute yesterday. His death resulted from obesity, as he weighed over 300 pounds. He was born in county Sligo, Ireland, April 5, 1830, but was brought to this country when only a year old. He went to Terre Haute in 1846 with his father, who was a contractor on the Wabash and Erie canal, young Pat acting as paymaster. He went into the pump business and then into the liquor traffic. In 1856 he entered the bank of John H. Watson as partner and Watson & Shannon conducted its business until 1860, when Watson died. Mr. Shannon continued the business until his death. In politics he was a democrat and somewhat active. He was in the Terre Haute council before the war. In 1892 he was defeated in the election for treasurer of Vigo county. In 1878 he was a candidate for the nomination for treasurer of state, but failed to get it. In 1871 he was elected by the legislature of Indiana financial agent of the state, and served two years. During his term he paid off nearly all the balance of the state debt, and the legislature deemed it inexpedient to have another state agent. He left a wife and three adopted children.

RED STAR TRADE MARK.

COUGH CURE
Free from Opiates, Laudanum and Poison.

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGEL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Feb. 20—masly.

Use the great specific for cold in head and catarrh—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Mr. Powderly will be nominated for governor of Pennsylvania by the democrats unless he heads them off.

A LIONESS in a London menagerie lately had two cubs, and one of them was transferred to a female dog and reared by her. The cub has lost all its mother's ferocity, and has developed the affectionate disposition of its wet nurse.

SENATOR SPOONER has good-humoredly stood a great deal of chaffing about his small stature, but at last he is reported to be getting rather tired of the continual notice which is taken of him. "Great Scott!" he said the other day, "do people expect a man to be seven feet high because he happens to be a Senator?"

DR. O. W. HOLMES is to visit Europe this spring for a summer trip, in company with his daughter, Mrs. Turner Sargent. Though fifty times better known in England as an author than in his own country, through the cheap reprints of his "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," he has not crossed the ocean for fifty years—not since his student days.

MRS. WHITNEY, mother of Anne Whitney, the sculptress, is living at Watertown, Mass., at the age of one hundred and one years. A few days ago she surprised the family by walking into the breakfast-room at an unusually early hour. "Why, mother," exclaimed her daughter, "did you come down stairs alone?" "Why, yes," replied the energetic centenarian; "I should think I was old enough to come alone!"

SUPERSTITIONS people must brace up to do the best they can in this dreadful year of 1886. It is a thoroughly Friday year. It came in Friday, will go out Friday, and will have fifty-three Fridays. There are four months in the year that have five Fridays each, changes of the moon occur five times Friday, and the longest and the shortest day of the year each falls on Friday. There seems to be no help for it if Friday brings bad luck. There is no way of changing the thing.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the *Star*, of Washington, that in North Carolina there is a mountain formation very closely resembling the Sphinx. It is called the "Pilot Knob," and is in Surry County, in the northwestern part of the State, just east of the Blue Ridge; its position, prone on the Piedmont plain, like a gigantic lion; its body at right angles to the precipitous ridge, and with head reared aloft, as if in the act of rising. The head is of solid rock, several hundred feet in height. The shoulders and breast are finely proportioned, and at the distance of a few miles it looks like a thing of life and intelligence. It rises about fifteen hundred feet above the plain. It is seen at the distance of fifty miles; but as yet no railroad approaches it nearer than twenty miles.

"He that lacks time to mourn, lacks time to mend." The better way is to take a pain in time, fight it daily and hourly with Salvation Oil, and not have anything to mourn about. You can buy this splendid remedy for twenty-five cents at any drug store.

Fred. Gebhard will sail for England Saturday, and New York club gossip has it that he will bear the "Jersey Lily" back as his bride before the Newport season is open.

Use the great specific for cold in head and catarrh—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Mr. Powderly will be nominated for governor of Pennsylvania by the democrats unless he heads them off.

RED STAR TRADE MARK.

COUGH CURE
Free from Opiates, Laudanum and Poison.

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGEL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the qualities of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y. may be had for 25¢-dawly.

The Daily Sentinel.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1886.

A SYMPHONY IN RAGS.

The King of Tramps Spends a Night at Central Police Station.

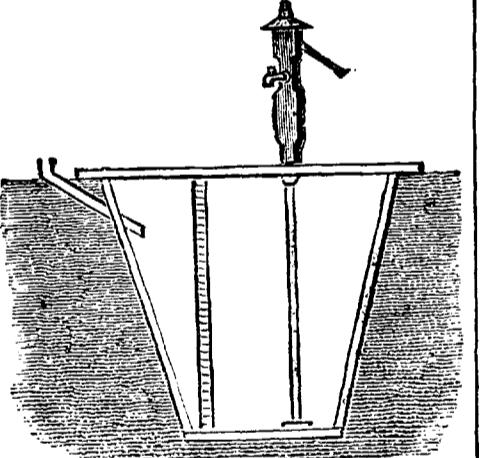
He was a tramp—there was no doubt of that. He would have repelled any insinuation to the contrary as an insult. His contented look proclaimed it quite as loudly as his rags, and his quiet wink to the station-keeper was as good as an official seal upon his title to the name. He was a lord, a prince, a very king of tramps, as he entered Central station Wednesday night and inquired if there were any extra beds to let in that establishment. The fact that there was no private bath to be provided for him was a disappointment, and he insisted upon a fresh towel after he had dipped the tips of his unspeakably dirty fingers into the basin of water brought for his use. His clothes were a fantastic crazy quilt which, set to music, would have startled Wagner. To tell the names of the apparent colors of his patches—the quarterings of his coat of arms—would require a milliner, to enumerate their number would be the work of a mathematician. Evidently his costume was composed chiefly, if not altogether, of scraps which he had picked up in his wanderings and sewed on at the particular place where they would do the most good. Like the great master, Rembrandt, he had no basal color.

His face was a study. He was a tramp, but he was not—necessarily—a hypocrite. He was not unwillingly seeking aid with which to bury a dead sister, nor did he lack just a nickel of his fare to Indianapolis. On the contrary, he smiled broadly and winked in a perfectly friendly way as he said that he would admit the whole truth at once and confess that he was traveling from Troy, N. Y., to Galveston, Tex., to take possession of a large estate which an immensely rich uncle had left for his exclusive benefit.

As a matter of course, he was given a bed. And he left the next morning after solicitorily inquiring whether the Gaunt or the Louisville set the better breakfast table. He persisted in his intention to send a hand-saw from Galveston to the station-keeper, insisting that he would feel aggrieved if he were not allowed to do so. He did not give his real name. He did not need to do so. He is the King of tramps.—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

A Filtering Cistern.

Complaints are frequent of the impure water of cisterns. This is inevitable under the careless management of these useful additions to the water supply, and is a fruitful source of what are called "malarial diseases." A roof gathers a large quantity of impure matter, dead insects, droppings of birds, dust,



A COMPLETE CISTERN.

dead leaves, pollen from trees, etc., etc., all of which are washed into the cistern, unless some device is provided to prevent it. Even then the water should be filtered before it is used for culinary purposes. One way of preventing foul matter from entering the cistern is to have the leader movable, and moving from a waste-pipe to the cistern pipe, shown on the left side of the engraving. In dry weather the pipe is turned over the waste, and after the rain has fallen for a sufficient time to wash off the roofs and gutters it is turned into the cistern-pipe. The cistern is provided with a soft brick laid in cement, through which the water filters, coming out by the pump perfectly pure, and free from unpleasant odors.—*American Agriculturist*.

Only English Spoke There.

I went into a Third street news-store last night, and somewhat hurriedly said to the man behind the counter:

"Ve you a libretto o' th' Mikado?"

The shop-keeper looked at me blankly.

"Beg pardon?" he said, finally, with an interrogative inflection.

"Mikado libretto," I repeated.

He looked at me again, followed by a brightening up of the face, indicative of an idea. The shop-keeper shook his head with a smile.

"No speak Italiano," he said.—*Minneapolis Journal*.

Know Whereof He'll Speak.

Bagley—My dear, I think I will take to the lecture field. There's a heap of money to be made in the business.

Mrs. B. (scornfully)—Indeed! What line will you take?

"I haven't determined. Something about animals would take—birds, for instance."

"Birds, by all means, Mr. Bagley. Night-hawks, for instance, or owls—any thing, Mr. Bagley, that turns night into day, as you do!"—*Philadelphia Call*.

The Best of all Reasons.

Visitor from out of town (addressing the school)—In the year 1825, my dear young friends, several boys walked from Salem to Boston and back, a distance of thirty miles, to hear Daniel Webster

speak. If there were no railroads or means of transportation to-day, would the boys of the present generation undertake such a journey, do you think?

Small Boy (after a long silence)—No, sir.

Visitor—Ah! and why?

Small Boy—Because Mr. Webster is dead.—*N. Y. Sun*.

CARP PONDS.

Information from One Who Has Had Experience.

As several of the *World's* readers want information regarding the construction of carp ponds I will give for their benefit one of the best plans I have encountered in my experience:

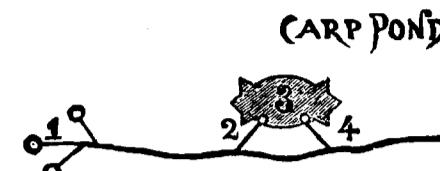


Fig. 1 represents the springs or source of a creek. Fig. 2 is a pipe or open ditch from creek to pond. Fig. 3 is an egg-shaped pond. Fig. 4 is the outlet from pond to the creek. A carp pond can be made round, square, in the shape of a star or any other shape, but egg-shaped I prefer.

Such a pond can be constructed alongside large creeks or rivers. Inlet ditches could be made an eighth or even one-fourth of a mile in length to some low spot. There are such places on most farms which could be put under water and soon become valuable.

A carp pond one-fourth of an acre in extent might have a deep place in it of about forty feet square. In the Eastern and Middle States this deep place should be six feet in depth; in the Southern States four feet is deep enough. In the first-named States it is best if there is a muddy bottom. My pond has mud in it to the depth of one foot. From such a pond ice can be taken without any harm to the carp. In my pond I have carp which weigh from three to ten pounds each, besides many thousands of small ones. I had two crops of ice taken from it this last winter, and, I do not think that one carp, either small or large, was injured. We worked with care when taking the ice ranks out of the water.

Some farmers are running through their farms a stream of water. If they want to make a pond, let them do it by damming the stream. This is better and more practicable than no pond at all.

The only trouble with such ponds is during high water some of the young carp will be carried down the stream. I do not think that many of the old ones will escape, as their habit is to keep to the bottom unless the sun is out very warm. It is a mistake to make a carp pond of uniform depth. It should slope towards the center. Shallow water from six inches to one foot deep is the place where the carp spends its time from ten o'clock a. m. till four o'clock p. m. The more grass and weeds there are in a carp pond the more young carp will be attracted. Here is just where a great many men fail who have carp ponds. They have them too nice and clean. This is the fault I made at first. I tried to have my pond as clean as possible, but I soon learned that grass, weeds, water lilies, etc., are of great importance. A female carp that weighs five pounds lays at least five hundred thousand eggs in a season.—*D. N. Kera, in N. Y. World*.

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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

"100 doses one dollar" is true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it is an unanswerable argument as to strength and economy.

Gen. Lew Wallace is meditating over a new novel, the scene of which is to be laid in northern Africa.

Sprains, lameness pains and stitches, weak back or disease of the spine will be immediately relieved on application of a Hop Plaster over the affected part. Its penetrative power is wonderful. Waranted to be the best made.

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ROOT & COMPANY.

Large Lace Sale.

OUR LACE COUNTER

Presents a Busy Scene.

Every afternoon it is crowded with customers who appreciate

FINE LACES AT BANKRUPT PRICES.

There is no abatement in the demand for Laces, either in Europe or this country. No dress is more stylish or economical.

Black Laces

Are Popular.

EGYPTIAN LACES

Are Popular.

Vichy Laces

Are Lovely.

Hosiery!

Note our solid colors at 25c per pair. The best quality ever sold in the city for the price.

CARPETS!

Call and look at our handsome patterns. We carry all the best makes in large varieties.

Pyke's Grocery,

80 Calhoun Street.

Virginia Jams, finest in the market. Plum Puddings with Sauce. Boneless Chicken Canned. Potted Chicken and Turkey. Salmon Spiced. Baked Sweet Potatoes Canned. Figs Preserved. Pine Apple Shredded, something new. Gotha Trifle Sausage. Chipped Beef in Cans. White Port Wine, strictly pure. G. H. Mummas Extra Dry Champagne. Virginia Jellies, warranted pure. Aug. 15-16

Dr. A. C. HOXSIE'S

Certain Croup Cure

The only remedy known that CAN CURE a violent case of CROUP in half an hour. Always keep it in the house.

DR. A. C. HOXSIE'S CERTAIN CROUP CURE DISKS

For Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Coughs, &c. invaluable to Public Speakers, Singers and Actors. Try it and you will use no other.

Price 50c. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

April 26-27

MATHEY CAYLUS' CAPSULES

Used for over 25 years with great success by the physicians of Paris, London, and New York, and all others for the prompt cure of all cases, recent or long standing. Put up only in Glass Bottles containing 64 Capsules each. PRICE 25c. EXACTLY THE CHEAPEST CAPSULES IN THE MARKET.

Prepared by GLEN & CIE. Sold Everywhere.

Paris.

Aug. 15-16

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 12, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

TROOPS!

Seem to Influence the Strikers.

Who Maintain Absolute Quiet Since the Bloody Affair of Friday Last.

The Situation in Brief To-day and all the Features of the Great Labor Struggle.

ALL IS WELL

With But Little Change in the Great Strike.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

East St. Louis, Ill., April 12.—No disturbance or unlawful acts have been repeated since the incendiary fire last Friday night. It is now believed that no encounter between the militia and strikers will occur. Guard, however, over railroad property is observed this morning. Promised military protection to those who might desire to go to work to-day has resulted in the employment of a large number of applicants, most of whom are not Knights of Labor. Platform men of the freight depots are busy loading and unloading cars, and no interference by the strikers has occurred.

THE INQUIST.

St. Louis, April 12.—There were no new facts developed at the inquest in East St. Louis to-day. The witnesses were chiefly railroad men and all agreed that the deputy sheriffs fired the first shot and that no stones were thrown at them and that the crowd gave the deputies no other provocation for firing than hooting and jeering.

THE FIREMEN'S GRIEVANCES.

E. P. Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, issued a call this morning for meetings of the grievance committees of all local lodges in the Gould system to investigate the discharge of firemen and all other grievances which may be presented to them and report to the meeting of the general grievance committee at Parsons, Kas., in the 20th inst.

THE MINERS STRIKE.

St. Louis, April 12.—The miners of the St. Louis district held a meeting yesterday and resolved not to resume work until after the strike shall have been ended. Four hundred and fifty miners on the Illinois and St. Louis railroad have struck, and it is expected more will strike about Belleville to-day.

THE SHOOTING DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

St. Louis, April 12.—In the criminal court to-day the deputy sheriffs who did the shooting at East St. Louis Friday, were released on a habeas corpus, but were immediately re-arrested as fugitives from justice and placed in jail, where they will be kept until a requisition is received from the governor of Illinois.

RETURNED TO WORK.

St. Louis, April 12, 4 p. m.—Word has just been telephoned from East St. Louis that yard and switchmen of the Ohio and Mississippi and that Ohiengo, Burlington and Quincy yard and switchmen have returned to work.

GOULD DENIES.

New York, April 12.—Jay Gould denies that negotiations were pending between himself, Mr. Hoxie and Mr. W. O. McDowell.

NOTES.

The freight brakemen on the Mobile and Ohio road struck yesterday for \$55 twenty-six trips of one hundred miles each.

The members of the paid fire department of Philadelphia have decided to join the Knights of Labor, in the hope of securing an increase of compensation.

T. V. Powderly has written to Congressman O'Neill that the labor arbitration bill is the best that could have been passed, although it will not be the means of settling all disputes between capital and labor.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, Chief Engineer Arthur has not been in St. Louis since Tuesday. He said: "No pressure has been brought to bear upon me to order a strike in support of the Knights of Labor on the Missouri Pacific, and if such a strike shall take place it will be without my sanction. I believe no such action will be taken, for our men have no grievance."

Martin Irons has gone to Parsons, Kansas, to encourage the railway strikers in holding out. Five of the persons killed at East St. Louis were buried yesterday, their bodies being followed to the cemetery by twelve hundred Knights of Labor and nearly all the city officials. Seven more companies of Illinois militia arrived yesterday, and General Recco has assumed command.

Jay Gould owns all the coal mines on the Wabash road and consequently all the avenues that can supply St. Louis. While the strikers have been stopping the Missouri Pacific he put up the price of coal to thirty cents a bushel. He is,

therefore, making them pay for their fun as he goes along. It is money in his pocket that makes him view the strike with such an air of philosophic indifference.

As to the present situation of affairs, Mr. Powderly said: "I have no fear about the future of the Knights of Labor. We have seen the last strike we will have in this country in my judgment. I do not mean by that that we will refuse to fight in an extremity, but I do not think it will again be necessary to go to that extreme. Contractors can make contracts abroad without fear. There is no danger of a labor revolution or an epidemic of strikes. Differences can be settled more peacefully and will be."

Boys Marrying Old Women.

Special Correspondence.

New York, April 5.—It is getting to be the fashion for extremely young men to become enamored of extremely mature women. This peculiar phase of Cupid's work is not confined to New York. According to the newspapers it is almost epidemic all over the country, and Europe has furnished some illustrations exemplifying the last few years. Just the other day I had a letter from an old friend, who told me of a widow of 57, with three grown sons, the eldest 28, who, as my friend expressed it, had "up and married a boy of 10," to the great scandal of society in general and the mortification of her children in particular.

In former times, before society was tamed down to accepting the doings of people who flew in its face, such a match would have been considered nothing short of criminal. The bride would have found herself cut by her neighbors and persecuted by the combined indignation of the town. The lot of the bridegroom, too, outside of his home would not have been a happy one. But now, although society still abhors the link between two persons marry without asking its permission and getting its blessing, it lets them off without any stink-egg experience, because it doesn't quite dare to go that far; but, why, if they accept the situation, it makes some very faces over it.

The spectacle of rosy-cheeked boys baulking around women verging on 50 is not at all uncommon here. I can pick out seven or eight cases in a minute. The youths are infatuated and so are the mature beauties. They are steeped in sentimental folly, and pay no attention to the half-concealed sneers of others whose curdling experience has been won after the regulation pattern.

Well, why shouldn't all this go on and no remarks be made? Since the beginning old men have made fools of themselves over very young women and society saw but little in it to condemn. Why shouldn't the same temptation be extended to the interested parties when that order is reversed and it is the bride who is elderly and the bridegroom young? Whose business is it who marries who, anyway?

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The experience refines him. He becomes in every way a more interesting and useful person. His character improves and his mind expands. As for the mature woman, she is from fifteen to thirty-five years older than he, and it's a good thing she doesn't hear the mean remarks that are made about her interest in the young man—an interest which vulgar minds misapprehend entirely.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

In the M. E. conference at Warsaw, C. W. Lynch reported the Fort Wayne district. The report shows that in this district was a year of unusual prosperity. There have been received on probation over 1,200. There are over 5,100 members in the district, on average of more than 700. There has been an increase of more than \$400 for missions, and a corresponding increase in all the benevolent collections. There have been 7,000 pastoral visits made to 1,970 families in the district. The following brothers were passed: M. S. Metta, C. W. Church, H. J. Lacy, J. Greer, J. K. Wilts, A. W. Lampert, A. H. Currie, C. King, P. S. Cook, W. E. McCarthy, M. A. Teague, J. H. Shuck, J. J. Bicknell, E. P. Church, J. B. Cook, J. A. Lewellyn, W. F. Yocom and G. W. Lincoln.

Mrs. Margaret Manier, well known as Mother Pellete, died this afternoon at half-past 2 o'clock, at the residence of Joseph Parry, aged 70 years. Mrs. Manier was universally loved and was one of the pioneer residents of the county. Notice of her funeral will be given tomorrow.

H. W. Madison, the architect, was at Muncie to-day.

John D. Rockafellar, of the Standard Oil company, two weeks ago gave \$20,000 to the Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville, Ky., and last week gave \$80,000 to the American Baptist Home Mission society. Charles H. Pratt, of Brooklyn, N. Y., recently gave \$100,000 to found a public library in his city, and a like amount to build an Emmanuel Baptist church. Mr. Pratt is also an oil man.

GREAT WEALTH.

E. B. Shirk, the Richest Man in Northern Indiana.

The Peru Evening Journal, in a biographical sketch of E. B. Shirk, in which it makes the claim that he is the largest landholder in the state and the richest man in northern Indiana, says: "He has lived in Peru nearly forty years, and something of his activity may be inferred from the fact that, in 1881, he paid taxes to the amount of \$16,000. He was not readily communicative about his fortune, but answered direct questions, and seemed totally unconscious of the fact that his achievements had been at all extraordinary. At the time of his death he owned seventy-three large farms in Indiana, all in a high state of cultivation, besides city property, prairie and timber lands in various parts of the union. His fifteen farms in Tipton county range in value from \$2,000 to \$12,000 each, his fourteen farms in Marshall county range in value from \$2,500 to \$20,000 each in Putash, ten farms, all large and valuable. In all the following named counties he had either a farm or farms: Wabash, Huntington, Warren, Gibson, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Adams, Jefferson and Allen. In the state of Michigan he had twenty-four farms and two thousand acres of timber land, largely pine. In Arkansas he held 6,000 and in Texas 9,000 acres of land. One of his first operations was getting possession of a large tract of Iowa land when emigration was turned in that direction. The Indian farmer desiring to move to that state he would buy out, paying so much money and trade in his lands. That was repeated in Kansas with uncommon success. In every instance the farmer felt himself benefited and his condition improved. With a little money Kansas was a glorious state to which to move. It was also reported in Arkansas, but not with such marked success, for the reason that many of the emigrants sickened and died; the lands, however, appreciated in value. The rental of one of his buildings in Chicago amounted to \$75,000 annually. He also owned nine residences that rented for \$1,000 and eight more at \$200 each. In Kokomo he owned two hotels, three business houses and two residences; an establishment in Tipton, one in Muncie and one at Peru comprised his banking interests. Of the First National in Peru he owned \$80,000 of the stock, and the stock would sell at \$500 a share."

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A DAISY!

Sad Fate of a Burglar At Wabash.

An Evangelical Minister Flies to Canada to Escape his Numerous Creditors.

Gladstone's Bill Will Pass Another Reading--A Bad Wreck on Baltimore and Ohio.

BURGLAR BAFFLED.

A Wabash Postal Clerk Captures a House Breaker.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

WABASH, Ind., April 12.—At a late hour last night Owen Sullivan, a postal clerk on the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific railway, who resides on East Hill street, was awakened by a burglar attempting to open one of the windows of the house. Sullivan rushed out clad in neither garments and gave chase to the thief, catching up with him on the cattle guard on the Wabash railway crossing. Sullivan administered two or three terrible blows which brought the burglar to his knees. The latter was carried to jail insensible. He is a varnish pedler called Redney.

Gone to Canada to Evade His Creditors.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

WILMINGTON, Wis., April 12.—A special from Wauertown says that Rev. J. T. Koehler, who came from Manistee, Mich., some six months ago to take charge of the German Evangelical church, has been mysteriously absent for several days. A letter written from Detroit has been received tendering his resignation, and saying he would soon be safe in Canada. He had borrowed considerable money in Wauertown, and obtained on credit clothing and jewelry.

Died from His Injuries.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 12.—John Miller, who lay two hours in the ruins of Pemberton mill before being rescued, died yesterday from the effects of his injuries. Florence McNulty, a Boston and Lowell freight brakeman, who lost both his legs by being run over, is also dead. He fell under the train in a fit on hearing that his brother-in-law had been killed at the fire.

Three Men Drowned.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

RICHMOND, Va., April 12.—Information has been received here of the drowning of three men while crossing the New river, at Sunnyside, W. Va. The party consisted of Q. J. and Wm. Hood, P. H. and Sam Quimby, W. A. Hayes and a negro ferrymen, C. J. Hood and the Quimby brothers were drowned by the upsetting of the boat. They were in the employ of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

Mr. Gladstone's Bill.

By Cable to THE SENTINEL.

LONDON, April 12.—The opponents of Mr. Gladstone's Irish bill are beginning to admit that it will probably pass its second reading by a small majority. The press regard the abolition of Irish representation in the imperial parliament as the cardinal defect in the premier's bill.

A Bad Wreck.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 12.—A freight train coming west on the Baltimore and Ohio road last night, ran into a land slide, thirty miles east of Connellsville. The engine and seven cars were thrown from the track. John Coffman, engineer, was killed and the fireman seriously injured.

Postoffice Burning.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 12.—This afternoon a fire

COMMON SENSE IN LAFAYETTE.

Lafayette, Ind., shares with twenty-three other cities and towns in the United States, the distinction of being named after the great French patriot who did so much for this country and his own, but it is alone in the honor of being mentioned in the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*. Life in the lively pulsing city on the Wabash, with its many easy homes, fine public buildings and general air of prosperity and enterprise, is very pleasant, and recently many of its citizens feel that it has assumed new charms since rheumatism has been robbed of its terrors.

This great beneficence, however, is not one which rejoices this particular Lafayette alone, but it has been given to other Laffayettes as well, and to the world. Athiophoros is the magic remedy which drives away rheumatism and neuralgia, and Lafayette has only shown its characteristic enterprise in recognizing the new cure's many virtues. Among those whom it has benefited is Mrs. Francis Heath, of No. 79 Ferry street, an old resident and the mother of banker Heath. In answer to one who recently called on her to learn the facts in the case she gave this account:

"I have had rheumatic pains in my feet for a number of years. They affected me at times so that it was with much difficulty that I could walk, especially in going down stairs. Athiophoros was first recommended to me by Bishop Bowman. I did not get it at that time, but kept trying other medicines. It was again recommended to me by a lady. I then sent for and bought a bottle. I took a dose, and it seemed to me as if I could feel it go through my system until it came directly to the sore spot. It felt just as a little stream of water looks when during its course it comes in contact with a pebble. One or the other must give way. The water may run around the stone, but that was not the way Athiophoros did. It did not go around the pain, but drove it away. The relief was almost instantaneous. While I am getting along in years and cannot expect to get rid entirely of these pains at once, yet a small dose of Athiophoros in a little cream—the way in which I find most pleasant to take it—relieves the pain immediately."

Mr. Baldwin, who is in the real estate and insurance business at No. 94 South Third street, and who lives at No. 17 North Sixth street, happening to be passing while Mrs. Heath was speaking, she called him in and he gladly told how he had been cured of rheumatism by Athiophoros.

"I was just about to start down to my office one morning last winter," he said, "when a terrible pain took me right in the hip and then ran down the sciatic nerve as quick as lightning. It was with much pain and distress that I managed to get down to my office at all. My business being such that it was necessary for me to be at the office every day, I was obliged to hobble along and get there the best I could. I suffered for some time in this way, trying all kinds of remedies, but nothing seemed to check the disease until I commenced using Athiophoros. The first four doses gave me relief. I only used one bottle, and am perfectly well, as you see me now. I have never had any return of the pain since I took the Athiophoros."

If you cannot get Athiophoros of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price— one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he doesn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed.

ATHIOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall Street, New York.

NEVER SAY DIE THOUGH YOU COUGH

TILL YOUR HEART ACHES

When the "Life Restoring" East India Remedy is at hand. One bottle will subdue the most skeptical that Dr. H. JAMES' preparation of India Hemp will positively cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Nervous Debility, and Nasal Catarrh. It is an important remedy. Try it—prove it for yourself.

Here are a few extracts from letters of persons who were cured, and now order for their friends:

"I fear cousin I is in a decline, and as thy medicine cured my only brother of a Humerus of the Lung a year ago, I wish you to take them." True friend, HANNAH MICKE, New Woburn, N. J.

"As your medicine cured me of Consumption some three years ago, I want him to try them. I gained fifteen pounds while taking the first three bottles." J. V. HULL, Lawrenceburg, Anderson Co., Ky.

"Mother has been suffering with Bronchitis nearly twenty years, and tried most all kinds of medicine and says the Cannabiss India is the only thing that gives her relief." JANE A. ASHBROOK, Lovejoyville, Ballard Co., Ky.

"I know all about the Cannabiss India. But when you say it cured the daughter of the Asthma, she had it very bad for several years, but was perfectly cured. Please send me a \$5 box of your medicine." JACOB TROUT, Deep River, Neweshield Co., Iowa.

"I have taken the Cannabiss India as directed, and am happy to tell you that I am perfectly cured of Nasal Catarrh. You were right, my trouble was not Consumption, but Catarrh. JAMES A. CALDWELL, Walnut Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"It has cured Mrs. Belmont of General Debility of the whole system, of two or three years standing and others trying it with success." BERBUT & LESLIE, Simpson's Store, Washington County, Pa.

Ask your druggist for Dr. H. JAMES' Cannabiss India, and if the full system fails to respond, add one-half of the medicine to the Vicks Vapo-Rub, and apply to the chest. \$2.50 per bottle or three bottles for \$6.50. Pills and Ointment, \$1.25 each. CIRADDOCK & CO., proprietors, 1032 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HON. PATRICK SHANON was buried at Terre Haute yesterday. His death resulted from obesity, as he weighed over 300 pounds. He was born in county Sligo, Ireland, April 5, 1830, but was brought to this country when only a year old. He went to Terre Haute in 1846 with his father, who was a contractor on the Wabash and Erie canal, young Pat acting as paymaster. He went into the pump business and then into the liquor traffic. In 1856 he entered the bank of John H. Watson as partner and Watson & Shannon conducted its business until 1860, when Watson died. Mr. Shannon continued the business until his death. In politics he was a democrat and somewhat active. He was in the Terre Haute council before the war. In 1862 he was defeated in the election for treasurer of Vigo county. In 1878 he was a candidate for the nomination of treasurer of state, but failed to get it. In 1871 he was elected by the legislature of Indiana financial agent of the state, and served two years. During his term he paid off nearly all the balance of the state debt, and the legislature deemed it inexpedient to have another state agent. He left a wife and three adopted children.

JAN. 22—DAWSON

JUL. 17—SCIENCE AND SKILL could do to make Benson's Capable Plaster the best known plaster, and also the best general external remedy in the world, has been done. Whenever it is possible to improve them it is done. Benson's plasters are not made to impress upon the credulous, but to cure disease. Their uniform success has procured for them the voluntary endorsement of 6000 physicians, and the attention of the great medical men of the country, and the attention of the intelligent public. They are prompt, powerful, cleanly and certain. They cure where no others will even relieve. Their imitations styled "Capable," "Capable," or "Capable," plasters. Reputable druggists only. The "True Seal" is placed on the genuine, and the word "Capable" cut in the centre of the plaster.

JAN. 22—DAWSON

The Sentinel.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING

THE SENTINEL BUILDING,
NO. 107 CALHOUN ST
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS FOR TEN CENTS A WEEK.
MAIL SUBSCRIPTION FOUR DOLLARS & EIGHTY CENTS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
THE SENTINEL IS THE ONLY EVENING PAPER IN FORT WAYNE THAT GIVES THE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL,
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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.
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E. A. K. HACKETT,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

The Daily Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER COUNTY AND CITY.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1886.

JOSEPH PULITZER has resigned his seat in congress from New York, preferring to give his whole attention to the *World*.

Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN, who is managing a ball in Washington, in the quarters of the Chinese legation, for the benefit of the Gerfild hospital fund, has received an anonymous warning of a political boycott.

JOHN SLATER is to serve as Wayne township assessor by proxy. What a farce and wrong on the people who voted for him. Besides, his proxy, Mr. Briant, is prone to excessive valuation and even republicans fear his judgment on city property that now is doubly taxed and so highly valued.

Mrs. MACKAY, the wife of the "silver king" of California, has rented No. 7 Buckingham, London, from Lord Sudeley, for the season. This, says a London paper, will be joyful news for the Lady Outatelsbaw and the Lady Nothing Nowhere class of aristocrats, who sponge so assiduously upon wealthy Americans.

THE extent of the Nova Scotia coal-fields in Cape Breton County is 200 square miles and over 100 square miles of adjoining sub-marine coal. The quantity of available coal is 1,886,000,000 tons (nearly two billions). The output last year was 467,577 tons. The area in Pictou County is about thirty-five square miles and the output of 1885 was 363,236 tons. In Cumberland County the area is 300 square miles, and one mine alone put out 345,000 tons last year. The most of these mines are at tidewater, and therefore in direct water communication with New England ports and supply that section in part. For steam, domestic, and gas use the Cape Breton coal is said to compare favorably with the Pittsburgh, possessing the same character of low ash and adaptability for coke-making which distinguish the latter.

EX-SENATOR JAMES W. BRADBURY, who is only four years younger than the present century, is still living at Augusta, Maine, able to read without spectacles, and with hand and foot firm as in his younger days. He is fond of talking of the Senate of 1843, in which he and Hamilton Fish sat, with Simon Cameron and Jefferson Davis. "The latter's seat," he says, "was next to mine. Mr. Davis was personally one of the most agreeable men in the Senate. He had the faculty of making more friends in a given time than anyone else I ever knew. He was peculiarly and intensely sensitive to public opinion." Mr. Bradbury's favorite friend in the Senate was Stephen A. Douglas, but he thinks that Webster and Calhoun were by far the greatest statesmen of their time. Mr. Bradbury is one of only seven surviving members of Bowdoin's famous class of 1825, in which he and Henry W. Longfellow had equal rank.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be equalled in the competition with the multitude of low test, short-weight, sizes of Baking Powder. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 10 Wall-st., N. Y.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

J. 30-4000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VIRGINIA FARMS & MILLS
For Sale & Exchange
FREE Catalogue.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

LADIES WANTED to work for us at their own homes. \$7 to \$10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. ADDRESS HOME MFG CO., P. O. Box 1010, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—LADIES to work for us at their own homes. \$7 to \$10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing. Full particulars, please address at once. CHESCEENT ART COMPANY, 10 Central Street, Boston, Mass. May 570.

CONSUMPTION.
A new and powerful Remedy for the cure of Consumption, and thousands of cases of the most fatal and long standing have been cured. Indeed, notwithstanding its efficacy, that cure is not yet complete. To any number of cases of Consumption, and to any number of patients, it is a great blessing. Dr. T. A. SHOUG, 131 Pearl-st., New York.

NICHOLS' BARK & IRON
BARK AND IRON used and recommended by the MEDICAL and CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, for the past twenty-five years, as an IRON TONIC for loss of appetite, nervous prostration, dyspepsia and all troubles arising from GENERAL ALIMENTARITY. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."
The Original and Only genuine.
Safe and always reliable. Beware of worthless imitations. In this advertisement, LADIES, And Gentlemen, I entreat you to purchase my pills for particular in letter to return mail. NAME PAPER, 100 Broad-st., New York. At Druggists. Trade supplied by Jas. D. Park & Sons, Cincinnati, Ohio.

I CURE FITS!
When I cure fits I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, but to cure them for ever. I have a special Remedy, called "FITS AND SICKNESS" or "Fit-cure." I warrant my remedy to cure the first cure. Because others have failed in the cure of fits, I have given my Fit-cure to the public, free of charge, and a Free Bottle of my Fit-cure ready. Mrs. F. G. and Mrs. C. G. are my patients for a child. Dr. H. G. Green, 102 Peacock-st., N. Y.

DEAFNESS AND DISEASES, and CURES, by one who has lost 30 years of his life in the cure of deafness and diseases, and has been successful in the cure of most of the cases he has treated. Cured himself in 3 months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. S. PAGE, 128 East 26th street, New York City.

WE WANT SALES MEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. Address, STANDARD SILVERWARE COMPANY, 105 Washington-street, Boston, Mass. 204-W.

TROY STEAM LAUNDRY,
F. L. JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA
Office at and works at 60 Pearl street. Contrary
GOLDEN & MONARAN, 18 Calhoun street. Our wagon will call for and deliver goods to any part of the city free of charge. Sept 12.

THIS PAPER is on sale in the New York Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

The Daily Sentinel.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1866.

A SYMPHONY IN RAGS.

The King of Tramps Spends a Night at Central Police Station.

He was a tramp—there was no doubt of that. He would have repelled any insinuation to the contrary as an insult. His contented look proclaimed it quite as loudly as his rags, and his quiet walk to the station-keeper was as good as an official seal upon his title to the name. He was a lord, a prince, a very king of tramps, as he entered Central station Wednesday night and inquired if there were any extra beds to let in that establishment. The fact that there was an private bath to be provided for him was a disappointment, and he insisted upon a fresh towel after he had dipped the tips of his unpeckably dirty fingers into the basin of water brought for his use. His clothes were a fantastic crazy quilt which, set to music, would have startled Wagner. To tell the names of the apparent colors of his patches—the querings of his coat of arms would require a milliner, to enumerate their number would be the work of a mathematician. Evidently his costume was composed chiefly, if not altogether, of rags which he had picked up in his wanderings and sewed on at the particular place where they would do the most good. Like the great master, Rouben, he had no brand color.

His face was a study. He was a tramp, but he was not necessarily a hypocrite. He was not unwillingly seeking and with which to bury a dead sister, nor did he lack just a nickel of his fare to Indianapolis. On the contrary, he smiled broadly and winked in a perfectly friendly way as he said that he would admit the whole truth at once and confess that he was traveling from Troy, N. Y., to Galveston, Tex., to take possession of a large estate which an immensely rich uncle had left for his exclusive benefit.

As a matter of course, he was given a bed. And he left the next morning after soliloquizing whether the Gault or the Louisville set the better breakfast table. He persisted in his intention to send a hamboine check from Galveston to the station-keeper, insisting that he would leave ungraveled if he were not allowed to do so.

He did not give his real name. He did not need to do so. He is the king of tramps.—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

A Filtering Cistern.

Complaints are frequent of the impure water of cisterns. This is inevitable under the careless management of these useful additions to the water supply, and is a fruitful source of what are called "malarial diseases." A roof gathers a large quantity of impure matter, dead insects, droppings of birds, dust,

Amounts to the same thing.

Do Bagges—Haven't seen Twombly for about a month.

Ponsonby—He has gone into the grocery business.

"Why, he hasn't five thousand dollars to his name."

"Well, he has ten thousand dollars in his wife's name, and I guess that will go just as far."—*Philadelphia Call*.

Had an eye to Foe.

First Lawyer—If the moon could talk what interesting disclosures there would be. She is the only witness to many a crime.

Second Lawyer—Yes, and just think how much she would get for witness fees if she could testify in court.—*Texas Sitter*.

"100 doses one dollar" is true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it is an unanswerable argument as to strength and economy.

Gen. Lew Wallace is meditating over a new novel, the scene of which is to be laid in northern Africa.

Sprains, lameness pains and stitches, weak back or disease of the spine will be immediately relieved on application of a Hop Plaster over the affected part. Its penetrative power is wonderful. Warranted to be the best made.

Gov. J. P. Gray and wife left for New Orleans yesterday.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had children, she gave them Castoria,

They are Not Sorry.
There is one thing nobody ever regrets—that is, the day they first adopted Parker's Tonic as their regular family medicine. Its range is so wide, and its good effects so sure, that nothing else, except good nursing, are needed in a great majority of cases. Buy it, try it, and afterwards it will not require any praise from us.

Mikado Blotto," I repeated.
Another blank stare, followed by a brightening up of the face, indicative of an idea. The shop-keeper shook his head with a smile.

"No speak Italiano," he said.—*Minneapolis Journal*.

Knows Whereof He Spok.

Bagley—My dear, I think I will take to the lecture field. There's a heap of money to be made in the business.

Mrs. B. (scornfully)—Indeed! What line will you take?

"I haven't determined. Something about animals would take birds, for instance."

"Birds, by all means, Mr. Bagley. Night-birds, for instance, or owl—any thing, Mr. Bagley, that turns night into day, us you do."—*Philadelphia Call*.

The Best of all Reasons.

Visitor from out of town (addressing the school) —In the year 1825, my dear young friends, several boys walked from Salem to Boston and back, a distance of thirty miles, to hear Daniel Webster

speak. If there were no railroads or means of transportation to-day, would the boys of the present generation undertake such a journey, do you think?

Small Boy (after a long silence)—No, sir.

Visitor—Aha! and why?

Small Boy—Because Mr. Webster is dead.—*N. Y. Sun*.

CARP PONDS.

Information from One Who Has Had Experience.

As several of the World's readers want information regarding the construction of carp ponds I will give for their benefit one of the best plans I have encountered in my experience:

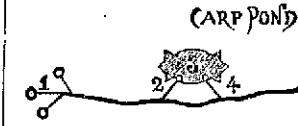


Fig. 1 represents the springs or source of a creek. Fig. 2 is a pipe or open ditch from creek to pond. Fig. 3 is an egg-shaped pond. Fig. 4 is the outlet from pond to the creek. A carp pond can be made round, square, in the shape of a star or any other shape, but egg-shaped I prefer.

Such a pond can be constructed along-side large creeks or rivers. Inlet ditches could be made an eighth or even one-fourth of a mile in length to some low spot. There are such places on most farms that could be put under water and soon become valuable.

A carp pond one-fourth of an acre in extent ought to have a deep place in it of about forty feet square. In the Eastern and Middle States this deep place should be six feet in depth; in the Southern States four feet is deep enough. In the first States it is best if there is a muddy bottom. My pond has mud in it to the depth of one foot. From such a pond ice can be taken without any harm to the carp. In my pond I have carp that weigh from three to ten pounds each, besides many thousands of small ones. I had two crops of ice taken from it this last winter, and I do not think that one carp, either small or large, was injured. We worked with care when taking the ice out of the water.

Some farmers have running through their farms a stream of water. If they want to make a pond they do it by damming up the stream. This is better and more profitable than no pond at all. The only trouble with such ponds is during high water some of the young carp will be carried down the stream. I do not think that many of the old ones will escape, as their habit is to keep to the bottom unless the sun is out very warm. It is a mistake to make a carp pond of uniform depth. It should slope towards the center. Shallow water from six inches to one foot deep is the place where the carp spend its time from ten o'clock a. m. till four o'clock p. m. The more grass and weeds there are in a carp pond the more young carp can be raised. Here is just where a great many men fail who have carp ponds. They have them too nice and clean. This was the fault I made at first. I tried to have my pond as clean as possible, but I soon learned that grass, weeds, water lilies, etc., are of great importance. A female carp that weighs five pounds lays at least five hundred thousand eggs in a season.—*D. N. Korn, in N. Y. World*.

Shave and a shine for a dime at the Robinson house barber shop.

22-mon-thurs-11

Butter and Eggs Down.

Fresh eggs, 10c per dozen.

Best butter, 20c; good, 12c.

10c FAIR HOUSE.

Respectfully, DREIER & BRO.

MARCH 12-13.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
At this time I beg to call your attention to my friends I have come to believe are worthy of your consideration for Congress from the 32d district, subjecting to the decision of the democratic nomination.

Y. WILLIS, of Fort Wayne, Ind.

W. H. McCallough, M. D.

T. P. & H. McCULLOUGH,

PHYSICIANS.

Office 180 Harrison Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mar. 9-10.

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

J. H. SIMONSON.....Manager

F. E. STODDARD.....Treasurer

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14th.

Return engagement, by special request, of the charming little Queen of Representative American Artists.

MINNIE MADDERN

In her unusually endued and acknowledged success.

"IN SPITE OF ALL."

The emphatic jem of all modern plays. By the original company. Box office open Monday morning. Prices 25, 50 and 75c.

Next attraction, "Zo Zo," Friday and Saturday, April 16 and 17.

MUSEUM OF ANATOMY!

36 CALHOUN STREET,

Open Daily From 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Largest exhibition of the kind in the world.

Value \$100,000.

5,000 objects of art and nature.

Part first—Ethnology.

Part second—Natural History.

Part third—Pathology.

For adults only admission 25 cents. Ladies matinees Tuesday and Friday, from 2 to 6 p. m., for ladies only.

P. S.—This is the only complete traveling exhibition of the kind in the United States.

April 16-17.

A ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

HEAD & GARNETON.....Lessons and Managers

W. M. WILKINSON.....Business Manager

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 12,

13 and 14, with Thursday and

Wednesday matinees.

MATTIE VICKERS'S COMEDY COMPANY.

Everybody's Favorite. The charming Comedian and Vocalist.

Supported by the Celebrated Comedian, Dan

nor and Vocalist, Mrs. G. L. Gaylord.

ANSON HOUGH, of Blackberry, Ills., says he owes his life to Gilmore's Magne

tic Elixir. Try it.

MRI. A. HIGGINS, of Wyoming, N. Y.,

says he had the piles for nearly 40 years,

and was cured by using Gilmore's Pilo

specific.

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER from ague

and malaria when Gilmore's Aromatic Wine will cure you.

GILMORE'S NEURALGIA OINTMENT is a positive cure for neuralgia in the face, side and stomach.

JOHN H. YATES, of Batavia, N. Y., says:

"I cheerfully command

YOUR AROMATIC WINE:

"I had new life and vigor soon

"After taking this wine I am

"More than the doctor and his pills."

For sale by Drayor & Bro., and G. H.

Gumper.

ROOT & COMPANY.

Large Lace Sale.

OUR LACE COUNTER

Presents a Busy Scene.

Every afternoon it is crowded with customers who appreciate

PINE LACES AT BANKRUPT PRICES.

There is no abatement in the demand for Laces, either in Europe or this country. No dress is more stylish or economical.

Black Laces

Are Popular.

EGYPTIAN LACES

Are Popular.

Vichy Laces

Are Lovely.

Hosiery!

Note our solid colors at 25c per pair. The best quality ever sold in the city for the price.

CARPETS!

Calls and look at our handsome patterns. We carry all the best makes in large varieties.

Pyke's Grocery,

80 Calhoun Street.

Virginia Jams, finest in the market. Plum Puddings with Sauce. Boneless Chicken Canned. Potted Chicken and Turkey. Salmon Spiced. Baked Sweet Potatoes Canned. Figs Preserved. Pine Apple Shredded, something new. Gode Truffle Sausage. Chipped Beef in Cans. White Port Wine, strictly pure. G. H. Mummers Extra Dry Champagne. Virginia Jellies, warranted pure. Aug. 15th

Dr. A. C. HOXSIE'S

Certain Croup Cure

The only remedy known that CURES violent cases of CROUP in half an hour. All cases kept fit in the house.

DR. A. C. HOXSIE'S CERTAIN CROUP CURE DISKS!

For Housewives, Loss of Voice, Coughs, &c. Invaluable to Public Speakers, Singers and Actors. Try it and you will use no other.

Price 50c. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

April 22nd

MATHEY CAYLUS
Used for over 25 years with great success by the physicians of Paris, New York and London, and superior to all others for the prompt cure of all cases, recent or long standing. Put up only in glass bottles containing 64 capsules each. PRICE 25c. THE MAKING THEM THE CHEAPEST CAPSULES IN THE MARKET.

Prepared by

OLIN S. CIE.

Paris.

Gold Every-where.

wherever.

wherever.